



BNP PARIBAS

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

INTERNAL RULES OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

AND

**GUIDELINES ON THE ASSESSMENT OF THE SUITABILITY
OF MEMBERS OF THE MANAGEMENT BODY
AND KEY FUNCTION HOLDERS**

Updated by the Board of Directors on 28 September 2018

PREAMBLE

The rules concerning:

- the Board of directors;
- the members of the Board of directors, including their rights and obligations;
- the Board of directors' Committees;

are set by the statutory and regulatory provisions, the Company's Articles of Association, and these rules (in addition to these Internal rules of the Board of directors, there is the Policy on the suitability of Members of the management body and Key function holders mentioned in 1.3 below).

The Board of directors also takes into account the French market guidelines concerning corporate governance and, in particular, the provisions of the corporate governance Code for listed companies published by the French employers' organisations *Association Française des Entreprises Privées* (Afed) and the *Mouvement des Entreprises de France* (Medef), hereinafter called the Afep-Medef Code, to which BNP Paribas (the "**Company**") refers.

The Board of directors is a collegial body that collectively represents all shareholders and acts in all circumstances in the corporate interests of the Company.

The Board of directors is assisted by specialised committees:

- financial statements Committee;
- internal control, risk management and compliance Committee;
- corporate governance, ethics, nominations and CSR Committee; and
- remuneration Committee;

as well as by any *ad hoc* committee.

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INTERNAL RULES OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

PART ONE – THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS, COLLEGIAL BODY

ARTICLE 1. DUTIES OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board of directors discusses any question coming within the scope of its statutory and regulatory duties and contributes to promoting the corporate values aimed, in particular, to ensuring that the conduct of BNP Paribas' activities by its employees complies with the highest ethical requirements in order to protect the reputation of the Bank.

In particular and non-exhaustively, the Board of directors is competent in the following areas:

1.1. ORIENTATIONS AND STRATEGIC OPERATIONS

The Board of directors:

- determines BNP Paribas' s business orientations and supervises their implementation by the Executive Management;
- subject to the powers expressly allocated to the shareholders' meetings and within the limit of the corporate purpose, it handles any issue concerning the smooth running of the Company and settles by its decisions any matters concerning it;
- gives its prior approval with respect to all investment or disinvestment decisions (other than portfolio transactions) in an amount in excess of EUR 250 million, and any proposal to acquire or dispose of shareholdings (other than portfolio transactions) in excess of that threshold, submitted to it by the Chief Executive Officer. It is also regularly informed by the Chief Executive Officer of significant transactions which fall below this limit;
- gives its prior approval to any significant strategic operation which falls outside the approved orientations;
- promotes long-term value creation by BNP Paribas, taking the social and environmental challenges of BNP Paribas' activities into consideration.

1.2. CODE OF CONDUCT

The Board of directors and the Executive Management have developed a Code of conduct of BNP Paribas Group which defines the standards of conduct in line with the values and missions determined by the Bank. This Code, which shall be integrated by each business line and each employee, governs the actions of each employee and guides the decisions at every level of the organisation. For this purpose, the Board ensures the Executive Management implements this Code into business lines, countries and regions.

1.3. GOVERNANCE, INTERNAL CONTROL AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Board of directors:

- appoints the Chairman, the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and, on the recommendation of the latter, the Chief Operating Officer(s) (COO);
- sets any limits to the powers of the Chief Executive Officer and of the Chief Operating Officer(s);
- examines the system of governance, which includes, in particular, a clear organisational structure with well defined, transparent and consistent sharing of responsibilities, efficient processes to identify, manage, monitor and report the risks to which the Company is or might be exposed to; it periodically assesses the efficiency of this governance system and ensures that corrective measures have been taken to remedy any failings;
- determines the orientations and controls their implementation by the actual managers of the monitoring measures in order to guarantee an effective and prudent management of the Company, including the segregation of duties in the organisation of the Company and the prevention of conflicts of interests;
- ensures the fulfilment of the obligations which are incumbent on it concerning internal control, and, in particular, examines, at least twice a year, the activity and the results of the internal control;
- approves the management report and the corporate governance report attached to it;
- carries out the controls and verifications which it deems appropriate;
- ensures that the Chief Executive Officer and/or Chief Operating Officer(s) implement a policy of non-discrimination and of diversity including gender balance in management bodies;

- ensures the implementation of process for preventing and detecting corruption and influence-peddling for which it receives all the information required for that purpose;
- examines and closes the financial statements and ensures their sincerity;
- reviews, at least once a year, the draft budgets and the drafts of the various statutory and regulatory reports which the Chief Executive Officer submits to it;
- prepares a suitability policy that defines the assessment of Members of the management body and of Key function holders (the “Policy on the suitability of Members of the management body and Key function holders”); the Board of directors (and its committees) apply this policy and revise it regularly to account in particular for any regulatory changes;
- gives its approval prior to the dismissal of the Heads of the following functions: Risk Management, Compliance, or the General Inspection.

1.4.RISK MANAGEMENT

The Board of directors:

- regularly examines, in connection with the strategy it has defined, the opportunities and risks, such as financial, legal, operational, social, and environmental risks, as well as the measures taken as a result;
- as such, approves and regularly reviews the strategies and policies governing the taking, management, monitoring and reduction of the risks to which the Company is or might be exposed to, including the risks caused by the economic environment. In particular, the Board of directors approves the global risk limits and puts into place a specific process organising its information and, as the case may be, the referral of the matter to it in the event these limits are exceeded.

1.5.COMMUNICATION

The Board of directors:

- ensures that the financial information disclosed to the shareholders and the markets is of high quality;
- controls the process of financial publication and communication, quality and reliability of the information intended to be published and communicated by the Company.

1.6.REMUNERATION

The Board of directors:

- allocates the directors’ attendance fees;
- adopts and regularly reviews the general principles of the remuneration policy of the Group which relates, in particular, to the categories of staff including the risk takers, staff engaged in control functions and any employee who, given his overall income, is in the same remuneration bracket as those whose professional activities have an impact on the risk profile of the Group;
- decides, without prejudice to the powers of the Annual General Meeting pursuant to Articles L. 225-37-2 (*ex ante* vote on the remuneration policy) and L. 225-100 (*ex post* vote on the remuneration paid or allocated for the previous year) of the French Commercial Code, the remuneration of the managers who are corporate officers (*dirigeants sociaux*), in particular their fixed and variable remuneration as well as any other means of remuneration or benefit in kind.

1.7.RESOLUTION

The Board of directors settles the preventive recovery plan of the institution, as well as the items necessary to establish the resolution plan communicated to the competent regulatory authorities.

ARTICLE 2. FUNCTIONING OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

2.1.ORGANISATION OF THE MEETINGS

The Board of directors meets at least four times a year and as often as circumstances or BNP Paribas’ interest requires this.

Notices of meetings may be communicated by the Secretary of the Board.

The Secretary of the Board prepares all of the documents necessary to the Board meetings and arranges to place all of the documentation at the disposal of the directors and other participants in the meetings.

An attendance register is kept, which is signed by the directors taking part in the meeting. It mentions the names of the directors considered as present.

The Board of directors’ decisions are recorded in minutes by the Secretary of the Board which are entered into a special register, in accordance with the laws in force. The Secretary of the Board of directors is

authorized to issue and certify copies or excerpts of the Board minutes. Each set of Board minutes must be approved at a subsequent Board meeting.

The decisions of the Board of directors are carried out either by the Chief Executive Officer, or a Chief Operating Officer, or by any special representative appointed by the Board of directors.

2.2.MEANS OF PARTICIPATION

Directors taking part in the meeting by videoconference (visioconference) or telecommunication means enabling their identification, guaranteeing their effective participation, transmitting at least the voices of the participants, and meeting, through their technical features, the needs of confidentiality, of continuous and simultaneous retransmission, with the exception of Board meetings closing out the financial statements and the annual report, shall be deemed to be present for the purpose of calculating both the quorum and the majority. The minutes state, as the case may be, the occurrence of any technical incidents if they disturbed the conduct of the meeting.

PART TWO – THE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

ARTICLE 3. COMPOSITION, INFORMATION AND SKILLS

3.1.CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

3.1.1.Relations with the Company's other bodies and with parties outside the Company

In relations with the Company's other bodies and with parties outside the Company, the Chairman of the Board of directors alone has the power to act on behalf of the Board of directors and to express himself in its name, except in exceptional circumstances, and except where specific assignments or duties are entrusted by the Board of directors to another director.

The Chairman makes sure that he maintains a close and trusting relationship with Executive Management. He provides him with his assistance and his advice while respecting his executive responsibilities. He organises his activities so as to ensure his availability and put his experience at the Company's service. He contributes to promoting the values and image of the Company, both within the Group and externally.

Coordinating closely with Executive Management, he can represent the Group in its high level relationships, and particularly with major clients, public authorities and the institutions on national, European and international levels.

He ensures that the quality of relations with shareholders is maintained, in close coordination with the work of Executive Management in this area. He reports on this mission to the Board.

He ensures that principles of corporate governance are defined and implemented.

The Chairman is the custodian of the proper functioning of the Board of directors of BNP Paribas. As such:

- with the support of the corporate governance, ethics, nominations and CSR Committee, with the approval of the Board of directors and of the Annual General Shareholders' Meeting, where appropriate, he endeavours to build an efficient and balanced Board, and to manage replacement and succession plan processes related to the Board of directors and nominations on which it will have to opine;
- he can attend all committee meetings and can add any subject to the agenda of the latter which he considers to be relevant;
- he ensures that the directors have the documentation and information necessary to carry out their duties in a timely manner and in a clear and appropriate form.

3.1.2.Organisation of the work of the Board of directors

The Chairman organises and manages the work of the Board of directors in order to allow it to carry out all of its duties. He sets the timetable and agenda of Board meetings and convenes them.

He ensures that the work of the Board of directors is well organised, in a manner conducive to constructive discussion and decision-making. He directs the work of the Board of directors and coordinates its work with that of the specialised Committees.

He sees to it that the Board of directors devotes an appropriate amount of time to issues relating to the future of the Company and particularly its strategy.

The Chairman is kept regularly informed by the Chief Executive Officer and other members of the Executive Management of significant events and situations relating to the business of the Group, particularly those

relating to: deployment of strategy, organisation, investment or disinvestment projects, financial transactions, risks, financial statements.

The Chief Executive Officer provides the Chairman with all information required under French law regarding the internal control report.

He may ask the Chief Executive Officer or any manager, and in particular, the heads of the control functions, for any information likely to assist the Board and its committees in the carrying out of their duties.

He may hear the Statutory Auditors in order to prepare the work of the Board of directors and of the financial statements' Committee.

3.2.DIRECTORS

They undertake to act in the corporate interest of BNP Paribas and to comply with all of the provisions of these Internal rules that are applicable to them, and more specifically the procedures of the Board of directors.

3.3.OTHER PARTICIPANTS

3.3.1.Non-voting director (censeurs)

The non-voting directors attend the meetings of the Board and of the specialised Committees in an advisory capacity.

3.3.2.Statutory Auditors

The Statutory Auditors attend the meetings of the Board and of the specialised Committees which examine or close the annual or interim financial statements and may attend the meetings of the Board and of the specialised committees when the Chairman of the Board considers it necessary.

3.3.3.Persons invited

The Board can decide to invite one or several persons to attend the meetings.

3.3.4.Representative of the Central Works Committee (CSEC)

The representative of the Central Works Committee attends the meetings of the Board in an advisory capacity.

3.3.5.Secretary of the Board

The Secretary of the Board is appointed by the Board and attends the meetings of the latter.

3.3.6.Heads of the control functions

If necessary, in the case of particular events affecting or likely to affect BNP Paribas, the heads of the control functions can report directly to the Board and, as the case may be, to its committees, to express their concerns without referring to the actual managers.

The individuals specified in point 3.3 are subject to the same rules of ethics, confidentiality and professional conduct as the directors.

3.4.ACCESS TO INFORMATION

3.4.1.Information and documentation

For the purpose of efficiently participating in the Board of directors' meetings and making enlightened decisions, each director may ask that the Chairman or the Chief Executive Officer communicates to him all documents and information necessary to perform his duties, if these documents are useful for making decisions and are related to the Board of directors' powers.

Requests are sent to the Secretary of the Board of directors who informs the Chairman thereof.

When the Secretary of the Board of directors considers this preferable, for reasons of convenience or confidentiality, the documents thus placed at the disposal of the directors as well as of any person attending the meetings of the Board are consulted through the Secretary of the Board or through the competent employee of the Group.

3.4.2.Systems

The placing at disposal of the directors or of any person attending the Board meetings of all of the documentation with a view to meetings of the Board, may be done by any means, including dematerialised. In this case, all the measures of protection considered necessary are taken to protect the confidentiality, the integrity and the availability of the information and each member of the Board or any person who has received the documentation is responsible not only for the systems and media thus placed at disposal but also for their access.

3.5. TRAINING, INDIVIDUAL AND COLLECTIVE SKILLS

The directors of BNP Paribas possess, both individually and collectively, the expertise, experience, skills, understanding and personal qualities necessary, notably in terms of professionalism and integrity, to properly perform their duties in connection with each of the significant activities of BNP Paribas and guaranteeing efficient governance and supervision.

The directors shall ensure that their knowledge is kept updated in compliance with the Policy on the suitability of Members of the management body and Key function holders.

The directors elected by the employees benefit from time devoted to training determined by the Board. At the end of the training, the training centre chosen by the Board must issue a certificate of regular attendance, which the director elected by the employees must remit to the Secretary of the Board.

ARTICLE 4. OBLIGATIONS

4.1. HOLDING AND KEEPING OF BNP PARIBAS SHARES

Every director appointed by the General Shareholders' Meeting must personally hold 1,000 shares. The director must hold all of the shares at the expiry of the period of payment period of the directors' attendance fees, corresponding to twelve months of directorship. At the expiry of this period, every director shall make sure to keep the minimum number of BNP Paribas' shares throughout his term of office.

The directors undertake not to engage in any individual hedging or insurance strategies to cover their risk on such shares.

4.2. ETHICS - CONFIDENTIALITY

4.2.1. Ethics

4.2.1.1. Availability and regular attendance

The members of the Board of directors shall devote the time and the effort necessary to carry out their duties and responsibilities, in compliance with the Policy on the suitability of Members of the management body and Key function holders.

The directors elected by the employees benefit from a preparation time determined by the Board.

4.2.1.2. Independence and loyalty

Every member of the Board of directors shall at all times maintain his or her independence of mind, in compliance with the Policy on the suitability of Members of the management body and Key function holders.

He shall act with loyalty towards the other directors, shareholders and BNP Paribas.

He shall refuse any benefit or service liable to compromise his independence.

4.2.1.3. Duty of vigilance

Every member of the Board of directors is bound by a duty of vigilance with respect to the keeping, use and, as the case may be, the return of the systems, documents and information placed at disposal.

4.2.2. Confidentiality

Any director and any person participating in the work of the Board is bound by an obligation of absolute confidentiality about the content of the discussions and decisions of the Board and of its committees as well as the information and documents which are presented therein or which are provided to them, in any form whatsoever.

Except as provided by law, he is prohibited from communicating to any person outside of the Board of directors any information that has not been made public by BNP Paribas.

4.3. ETHICAL CONDUCT – LIMITATION ON DIRECTORSHIPS - CONFLICTS OF INTERESTS – PERSONAL DECLARATIONS

4.3.1. Ethical conduct

If directors have any questions related to ethical conduct, they may consult the head of the Group Compliance Function.

The legislation relating to insider trading applies particularly to directors both in a personal capacity and when carrying out their duties within companies that hold shares in BNP Paribas. They are required, in particular, to respect the legal requirements governing the definition, communication and exploitation of privileged information, the principal provisions of which are communicated to them when they take directorship.

Directors can only deal in securities of BNP Paribas on a personal basis during the period of six-weeks beginning on the day after the publication of the quarterly and annual financial statements, or after the publication of a press release on the Company's running, unless they are in possession during that period of information that puts them in the position of an insider with respect to the stock exchange regulations.

Directors shall refrain from any transactions that could be considered as speculative, and in particular from leveraged purchases or short sales, or short-term trading.

The director as well as the persons with close connections with him are under the obligation to declare to the French Financial Markets Authority (*Autorité des Marchés Financiers – AMF*), which ensures the publication thereof, and to BNP Paribas the transactions that they execute in BNP Paribas shares and the financial instruments related thereto.

4.3.2. Limitation on directorships

The director complies with the statutory and regulatory provisions which are applicable to him or her, or which are applicable to BNP Paribas, concerning limitation on directorships, as well as the Policy on the suitability of members of the Management body and Key function holders.

4.3.3. Conflicts of interests

The director complies with the applicable statutory and regulatory provisions regarding conflicts of interests – in particular the so-called “related-party agreements” (*conventions réglementées*) regime as well as with the Policy on the suitability of members of the Management body and Key function holders.

Whatever the circumstances, in the event of breach of the obligations with respect to conflict of interests by a director, the Chairman of the Board of directors shall take all the statutory measures necessary in order to remedy it. He can, furthermore, keep the relevant regulators informed of such acts.

4.3.4. Personal declarations

The director undertakes to inform the Secretary of the Board as soon as possible of any change in his personal situation (change of address, appointment, directorships, duties carried out, or criminal, civil, or administrative convictions, etc.).

In particular, and in compliance with the Policy on the suitability of Members of the management body and Key function holders, the director shall inform, as soon as possible, the Chairman of the Board of directors of any criminal or civil conviction, management prohibition, administrative or disciplinary sanction, or measure of exclusion from a professional organisation, as well as any proceedings liable to entail such sanctions against him or her, any dismissal for professional misconduct, or any dismissal from a directorship of which he or she may be the subject. Similarly, the director informs the Chairman of the Board of directors of any criminal or civil order entered against it, administrative or disciplinary sanction or measure of exclusion from a professional organisation, as well as of any Court-ordered reorganisation or liquidation measure of which a company of which he is the manager, shareholder or partner is the subject or would be liable to be the subject.

ARTICLE 5. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND NON-VOTING DIRECTORS (CENSEURS)

The overall amount of the directors' attendance fees is determined by the General Shareholders' Meeting.

The individual amount of the attendance fees is determined by the Board of directors pursuant to a proposal by the remuneration Committee. It comprises a predominant variable portion based on actual participation in meetings, regardless of the means. Directors residing abroad receive an increased amount, except where they may participate in meetings of the Board of directors by videoconference or telecommunications means.

Actual participation in the Committees entitles committee members to an additional attendance fee, the amount of which may differ depending on the Committees. Committee members receive this additional attendance fee for their participation in each different Committee. The Chairmen of Committees receive an increased additional fee.

The remuneration of the non-voting directors is determined by the Board of directors pursuant to a proposal of the Remuneration Committee.

PART THREE – THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS’ SPECIALISED COMMITTEES

To facilitate the performance of their duties by BNP Paribas’ directors, specialised committees are created within the Board of directors.

ARTICLE 6. COMMON PROVISIONS

6.1.COMPOSITION AND SKILLS

They consist of members of the Board of directors who do not carry out management duties within the Company. They include the required number of members who meet the criteria required to qualify as independent, as recommended by the Afep-Medef Code. The members of the committees have the knowledge and skills suited to carry out of the missions of the committees in which they participate.

The remunerations Committee includes at least one director representing the employees.

Their remits do not reduce or limit the powers of the Board of directors.

The Chairman of the Board of directors sees to it that the number, missions, composition, and functioning of the committees are adapted at all times to the statutory and regulatory provisions, to the Board of directors’ needs and to the best corporate governance practices.

By decision of the Board, the internal control, Risk management and compliance Committee (CCIRC), the remunerations Committee (RemCo), the corporate Governance, ethics, nominations and CSR Committee (CGEN) may, in accordance with the provisions of Article L. 511-91 of the French Monetary and Financial Code (*Code Monétaire et Financier*) ensure their missions for the companies of the Group under the supervision of the regulator on a consolidated or sub-consolidated basis.

6.2.MEETINGS

The Committees shall meet as often as necessary.

6.3.MEANS PLACED AT THE DISPOSAL OF THE COMMITTEES

They may call upon outside experts when needed.

The Chairman of a Committee may ask to hear any officer within the Group, regarding issues falling within this Committee’s jurisdiction, as defined in the present Internal rules.

The Secretary of the Board prepares all of the documents necessary to the meetings of the specialised Committees and organises the placing of the documentation at the disposal of the directors and other participants in the meetings.

This documentation can be placed at disposal by any means, including dematerialised. In this case, all the measures of protection considered necessary are taken for the purposes of protecting the confidentiality, integrity and the availability of the information and each member of the specialised Committee concerned or any person who has received the documentation is responsible not only for the systems and media and their provision but also for their access.

6.4.OPINIONS AND MINUTES

They express opinions intended for the Board of directors. The Chairmen of committees, or in case of their impediment another member of the same committee, present a verbal summary of their work at the next Board of directors’ meeting.

Written reports of Committees’ meetings are prepared by the Secretary of the Board and communicated, after approval at a subsequent meeting, to the directors who so request.

ARTICLE 7. THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS COMMITTEE

7.1.MISSIONS

In accordance with the provisions of the French Commercial Code, the Committee ensures the monitoring of the issues concerning the preparation and verification of the accounting and financial information.

7.1.1.Monitoring of the process of preparation of the financial information

The Committee is tasked with analysing the quarterly, half-yearly and annual financial statements issued by the Company in connection with the closing of financial statements and obtaining further explanations of certain items prior to presentation of the financial statements to the Board of directors.

The Committee shall examine all matters relating to these accounts and financial statements: the choices of accounting principles and policies, provisions, analytical results, prudential standards, profitability indicators, and all other accounting matters that raise methodological issues or are liable to give rise to potential risks.

It makes, as the case may be, recommendations, in order to ensure integrity of the elaboration process of the financial information.

7.1.2. Monitoring of the efficiency of the internal control systems and of risk management concerning accounting and financial matters

The Committee shall analyse, at least twice a year, the summary of the operations and the results of the internal accounting and financial control, as well as those originate from controls on the elaboration process and the processing of accounting, financial and extra-financial information, based on the information communicated to it by the Executive Management. It shall be briefed of incidents revealed by the accounting and financial internal control, reported on the basis of the thresholds and criteria defined by the Board of directors and shall report on its findings to the Board of directors.

It is informed by the Chairman of the Board of directors of any possible failure to implement corrective measures decided within the framework of the accounting and financial internal control system that has been brought to his direct knowledge by the head of periodic control and reports on its findings to the Board of directors.

7.1.3. Monitoring of the statutory auditing of the annual financial statements and of the consolidated financial statements by the Statutory Auditors as well as of the independence of the Statutory Auditors

The Committee shall steer the procedure for selection of the Statutory Auditors, express an opinion on the amount of fees charged for conducting the legal auditing engagements and report to the Board of directors on the outcome of this selection process.

It shall review the Statutory Auditors' audit plan, together with their recommendations and their monitoring.

It shall be notified on a yearly basis of the amount and breakdown of the fees paid by the BNP Paribas Group to the Statutory Auditors and the networks to which they belong, calculated using a model approved by the Committee. It shall ensure that the amount or the portion of the audit firms or the networks' revenues that BNP Paribas represents is not likely to compromise the Statutory Auditors' independence.

Its prior approval shall be required for any engagement entailing total fees of over EUR 1 million (before tax). The Committee shall approve, *a posteriori*, all other engagements, based on submissions from the Group Finance. The Committee shall validate the Group Finance's fast-track approval and control procedure for all "non-audit" engagements entailing fees of over EUR 50,000. The Committee shall receive, on a yearly basis from the Group Finance, a report on all "non-audit" engagements carried out by the networks to which the Group's Statutory Auditors belong.

It receives from the Statutory Auditors a written report on their main observations concerning the weaknesses of internal control and reviews it, as well as most significant recommendations issued in the framework of their mission and reviews it. It takes notes of the most significant statements and recommendations issued by the internal audit in the framework of their missions regarding accounting and financial information.

Each Statutory Auditor shall report on a yearly basis to the Committee on its internal control system for guaranteeing its independence, and shall provide a written statement of its independence in auditing the Group.

The Committee accounts for the statements and conclusions of the *Haut Conseil des Commissaires aux comptes* (H3C) resulting from the controls provided by the H3C in the professional activity of Statutory Auditors.

At least twice a year, the Committee shall devote part of a meeting to a discussion with the team of Statutory Auditors, without any member of the company's Executive Management being present.

The Committee meets in the presence of the team of Statutory Auditors, to review quarterly, half-yearly and annual financial statements.

However, the Statutory Auditors shall not attend all or part of Committee meetings dealing with their fees or their re-appointment.

The Statutory Auditors shall not attend all or part of Committee meetings dealing with specific issues that concern a member of their staff.

Except in the event of exceptional circumstances, the files containing the quarterly, half-yearly and annual results and financial statements shall be sent to Committee members at least three days prior to the Committee meetings.

Where questions of interpretation of accounting principles arise in connection with quarterly, half-yearly and annual results, and involve choices with a significant impact, the Statutory Auditors and Finance Group shall submit, on a quarterly basis, a memorandum to the Committee analysing the nature and significance of the issues at play, presenting the pros and cons of the various possible solutions and explaining the rationale for the choices ultimately made.

They present, at least twice a year, a note on the works on certification of the financial statements. Based on it, the Committee reports to the Board on the results of this mission and on the way this mission has contributed to the integrity of the financial information and on his own role in it.

7.2.CHAIRMAN'S REPORT

The Committee shall review that part of the draft of the Chairman's report on internal control procedures relating to the preparation and processing of accounting and financial information.

7.3.HEARINGS

With regard to all issues falling within its jurisdiction, the Committee may, at its initiative, hear the heads of finances and accounting of the Group, as well as the head of Asset/liability management.

The Committee may ask to hear the head of Finances Group with regard to any issue within its jurisdiction, for which he may be held liable, or the Company's management may be held liable, or that could call into question the quality of accounting and financial information disclosed by the Company.

ARTICLE 8. THE INTERNAL CONTROL, RISK MANAGEMENT AND COMPLIANCE COMMITTEE

8.1.MISSIONS

8.1.1.Missions concerning the global risk strategy

The Committee advises the Board of directors on the adequacy of the global strategy of the Company and the overall current and future risk appetite. It assists the Board of directors when the latter verifies the implementation of this strategy by the actual managers and by the head of risk management.

For this purpose, the Committee examines the key orientations of the Group's risk policy, including social and environmental orientations, based on measurements of the risk and profitability of the operations reported to it, in accordance with the regulations in force, as well as any specific issues related to these matters and methods.

In the event that a global risk limit is exceeded, a procedure to refer the matter to the Board of directors is provided for: the Executive Management informs the Chairman of the Committee, who can decide to convene the Committee or to request the convening of the Board of directors.

8.1.2.Missions concerning the examination of the prices of the products and services proposed to customers

In the framework of its mission and according to the terms it shall define, the Committee examines whether the prices of the products and services proposed to customers are compatible with the risk strategy. Where prices do not properly reflect the risks, it presents to the Board of directors an action plan to remedy this.

8.1.3.Missions concerning remuneration

Without prejudice to the missions of the remunerations Committee, the Risk committee examines whether the incentives provided for by the policy and the remuneration practices of the Company are compatible with its situation with respect to the risks to which it is exposed, its capital, its liquidity and the probability and the spreading over time of the expected profits.

To carry out this mission, the Chairman of the Committee shall attend the Remunerations Committee's meeting and presents to it the position upheld.

8.1.4.Missions concerning internal control and compliance

The Committee also reviews all compliance-related issues, particularly those in the areas of reputation risk or professional ethics.

The Committee analyses the risk measurement and monitoring report. Twice a year it examines the internal control operations and findings (excluding accounting and financial internal control, which is the responsibility of the Financial Statements Committee) based on the information provided to it by Executive Management and the reports presented to it by the heads of permanent control, compliance and periodic controls. It reviews the Company's exchanges of correspondence with the Secretariat General of the Prudential Control and Resolution Authority (*Autorité de Contrôle Prudentiel et de Résolution – ACPR*).

The Committee is briefed on incidents revealed by internal control that are reported on the basis of the thresholds and criteria defined by the Board of directors and reports on its findings to the Board of directors.

It analyses the status of recommendations made by the General Inspection unit that were not implemented. It is informed by the Chairman of the Board of directors of any possible failure to implement corrective measures decided within the framework of the internal control, of which it would have been informed directly by the head of periodic control and reports on its findings to the Board of directors.

8.2. HEARINGS

It proceeds with the hearing, excluding the presence of the Executive Management, of the heads of the Group control functions (General Inspection, Compliance, Risk and Legal).

It presents the Board of directors with its assessment concerning the methods and procedures employed.

It expresses its opinion concerning the way these functions are organised within the Group and is kept informed of their work programme.

8.3. ACCESS TO THE INFORMATION

The Committee has all the information about the situation of the Company with respect to risks. It may, if this is necessary, use the services of the head of risk management or of outside experts.

8.4. MEETINGS COMMON TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS COMMITTEE AND THE INTERNAL CONTROL, RISK MANAGEMENT AND COMPLIANCE COMMITTEE

The financial statements Committee and the internal control, risk management and compliance Committee shall meet at the request of the Chairman of the Internal control, risk management and compliance Committee, or at the request of the Chairman of the financial statements Committee or at the request of the Chairman of the Board of directors.

In that context, the members of these Committees:

- shall be briefed of the mission plan of the General Inspection and of the audit plan of the Statutory Auditors and shall prepare the work of the Board of directors in assessing the risk policies and management systems;
- deal with common subjects concerning the risks and financial impacts policy (including provisioning). They carry out, in particular, a systematic review of the risks that can in the future have a significant impact on the financial statements.

This meeting shall be chaired by the Chairman of the financial statements Committee.

ARTICLE 9. THE CORPORATE GOVERNANCE, ETHICS, NOMINATIONS AND CSR COMMITTEE

9.1. MISSIONS CONCERNING CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Committee is tasked with monitoring corporate governance issues. Its role is to help the Board of directors to adapt corporate governance practices within BNP Paribas and to assess its functioning.

It ensures the follow up on a regular basis of the evolution in the governance disciplines at the global, European and national levels. At least once a year, it presents a summary thereon to the Board of directors. It selects measures that are suitable for the Group and which are likely to bring its procedures, organisation and conduct in line with best practice in this area.

It examines the draft report on corporate governance and all other documents required by applicable laws and regulations.

The Committee is in charge of the follow up of questions related to the social and environmental responsibility ("CSR"). For this purpose, it handles more specifically the Group's contribution to sustainable economic development, in particular by an ethical financing of the economy, by promoting the development and the commitment of the employees, by the protection of the environment and the fight against climate change, as well as the positive impact of the Group in the society.

9.2. CODE OF CONDUCT

The Committee carries out regular monitoring of the update of BNP Paribas Group's Code of conduct.

9.3. MISSIONS CONCERNING THE IDENTIFICATION OF, SELECTION OF, AND SUCCESSION PLAN FOR DIRECTORS, COMMITTEE MEMBERS, AND NON-VOTING DIRECTORS (CENSEURS)

For the identification of, selection of, and succession plan for the directors, the Committee applies the principles and procedure described in the Policy on the suitability of Members of the management body and Key function holders. The Committee regularly reviews this policy and proposes any amendments it deems advisable to the Board of directors.

The Committee sets an objective to achieve with respect to gender balance on the Board of directors. It draws up a policy aimed at achieving this objective. This objective and this policy, once set, are approved by the Board of directors.

As the case may be, the Committee proposes to the Board of directors the appointment of the non-voting directors.

9.4.MISSIONS CONCERNING THE ASSESSMENT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Committee assesses periodically, and at least once a year, the balance and diversity of the Board in compliance with the Policy on the suitability of Members of the management body and Key function holders.

Furthermore, an assessment of the Board of directors is made by a firm of external expert advisors every three years.

9.5.MISSIONS CONCERNING THE SELECTION OF, APPOINTMENT OF, AND SUCCESSION PLAN FOR THE CHAIRMAN, MEMBERS OF EXECUTIVE MANAGEMENT, AND KEY FUNCTION HOLDERS

The Committee periodically examines the Policy on the suitability of Members of the management body and Key function holders regarding the selection of, appointment of, and succession plan for the executive officers, the Chief Operating Officer(s), the Chairman, and the Key function holders as defined in this Policy, and makes recommendations in the matter.

The Committee contributes to the selection and appointment of, as well as the establishment of succession plans for, the Chairman and members of the Executive Management, pursuant to the Policy on the suitability of Members of the management body and Key function holders.

With regard to the key function holders, it ensures that the Policy on the suitability of members of the Management body and Key function holders is applied by Executive Management.

9.6.MISSIONS CONCERNING THE ASSESSMENT OF THE CHAIRMAN, CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER, AND CHIEF OPERATING OFFICER(S)

The Committee assesses the action of the Chairman.

It makes an assessment of the performance of the Chief Executive Officer and of the Chief Operating Officer(s) in the light of the strategic directions of the business established by the Board of directors and taking into consideration their capacities for anticipation, decision, organisation and exemplarity.

9.7.MISSIONS CONCERNING THE INDEPENDENCE OF THE DIRECTORS

The Committee is tasked with assessing the independence of the directors, within the meaning of the Afep-Medef Code, and reporting its findings to the Board of directors.

9.8.MISSIONS CONCERNING THE GENERAL BALANCE OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Committee ensures that the Board of directors is not dominated by one person or, a small group of persons in a manner that is detrimental to the interests of the Company. For this purpose, it applies the Policy on the suitability of Members of the management body and Key function holders.

ARTICLE 10. THE REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Committee prepares the decisions that the Board of directors approves concerning remuneration, in particular that which has an effect on risk and the management of risks.

The Committee makes an annual examination:

- of the principles of the remuneration policy of the Company;
- of the remuneration, allowances and benefits of any kind granted to the corporate officers of the Company;
- of the remuneration policies of the categories of staff, including the executive managers, risk takers, and staff engaged in control functions and any employee, who given his overall income, is in the same remuneration bracket as those whose professional activities have a material impact on the risk profile of the Company or of the Group.

The Committee directly controls the remuneration of the head of risk management and of the head of compliance.

Within the framework of the missions described above, the Committee prepares the work of the Board of directors on the principles of the remuneration policies, in particular concerning Group staff whose professional activities have a material impact on the Group's risk profile, in accordance with the regulations in force.

It is tasked with studying all issues related to the personal status of the corporate officers, and in particular the remuneration, the amount of retirement benefits and the allotment of subscription or purchase options to the Company's shares, as well as the provisions governing the departure of the members of the Company's management or representational bodies.

It examines the conditions, the amount and the distribution of the subscription or purchase stock option plans. Similarly, it examines the conditions for the allotment of free shares.

With the Chairman, it is also within its remit to assist the Chief Executive Officer with any matter relating to the remuneration of senior executives that the latter might submit to it.

GUIDELINES ON THE ASSESSMENT OF THE SUITABILITY OF MEMBERS OF THE MANAGEMENT BODY AND KEY FUNCTION HOLDERS

I. Background and definitions

a. Background

The purpose of the Policy on the suitability of Members of the management body and Key function holders is, while complying with the legal and regulatory provisions applicable to the Company, to specify and detail the procedures for implementing the provisions of the Internal rules and of the regulations applicable to BNP Paribas in the French Monetary and Financial Code (hereinafter “**CoMoFi**”), the European Banking Authority (“**EBA**”) Guidelines on the assessment of the suitability of Members of the management body and key function holders (the “**Fit and Proper Guidelines**”) published on 26 September 2017, and on Internal Governance, from the comply or explain *process* (defined below).

b. Definitions

Members of the management body mean the directors, the Chief Executive Officer, and the Chief Operating Officer(s).

Key function holders means, for the purposes of the Fit and Proper Guidelines, the Chief Financial Officer, the Head of Compliance, the Head of Risk and the Head of the General Inspection, the Head of Legal, the Head of Human Resources, and the individuals to whom the Company has decided to confer the title of Deputy Chief Operating Officers.

Fit and Proper means the assessment conducted by BNP Paribas on the collective suitability of the Board and of the relevant individuals with regard to the following criteria:

- knowledge, skills and experience;
- good reputation, honesty, and integrity;
- independence of mind;
- compliance with the rules on limitation on directorships and on availability.

Comply or explain process means the procedure in the Single Supervisory Mechanism by virtue of which the European Central Bank (“**ECB**”) and the competent national authorities announce their intention to comply, fully, partially, or not at all, with the guidelines issued by that authority.

Company means BNP Paribas.

CGEN means the Governance, Ethics, Nominations and CSR Committee of BNP Paribas.

SCA means the Secretariat of the Board of directors of BNP Paribas.

Pursuant to these provisions, these guidelines cover the following topics:

II. Identification of, selection of, and succession plan for Members of the management body and Key function holders

a. Identification of, selection of, and succession plan for directors

The CGEN is tasked with the identification of the persons that are likely to be appointed as directors, regardless of their role on the Board of directors, to establish and to maintain at all times a list of these persons, which will be periodically monitored by the CGEN, without precisely determining the circumstances requiring their nomination to the Board of directors.

Identification by the CGEN of the persons likely to be appointed as directors

The CGEN shall identify and recommend to the Board of directors candidates suitable for the non-executive directorship of director, with a view to proposing their candidacy to the General Meeting. In the determination of the potential candidates, the CGEN assesses the balance of skills, experience, diversity, as well as the integrity and the capacity of understanding the stakes and the risks, both personal and collective, of the members of the Board. It ensures, furthermore, that the candidates are able to act objectively, critically and independently, notably with respect to other directorships they hold, that they have the courage necessary to express their thoughts and their judgements, sufficient availability to have a strong commitment in their duties and the objectivity indispensable for their directorship and, lastly, the desire to protect the interests of the Company and ensure its proper running.

The CGEN specifies the missions and the qualifications necessary for the duties to be carried out within the Board of directors and calculates the time to be devoted to such duties.

For the purposes of identifying the candidate, the CGEN,

- on one hand, mandates, if it wishes so, one or several specialised agencies in the research for independent directors with the meaning of the provisions provided in Afep-Medef Code; this or these specialised agencies are selected further to a tender organised in coordination with the SCA;
- on the other hand gathers inputs on this from other Board members.

Upon receipt of a proposal, the CGEN conducts a careful examination of the provisions of these guidelines as well as on the following criteria based on both personal and collective skills:

- knowledge and skill in requested areas, based on experience and the ability to understand the issues and risks of key activities for the Bank, including social and environmental issues, enabling directors to make informed and effective decisions;
- courage, in particular to express opinions and make judgments, enabling directors to remain objective and independent;
- availability, i.e. sufficient time for the director to dedicate to his directorship and related training, and the assiduity, which allow for the necessary detachment and promote directors' commitment and sense of responsibility regarding the exercise of their directorship;
- loyalty, which fosters the director's commitment to the Company and to their duties within the Board, which collectively represents the shareholders;
- director's proper understanding of the company's culture and ethics;
- good reputation and propriety: a person should not be considered of good reputation and meeting the propriety criterion if his or her personal or business conduct gives rise to any material doubt about his or her ability to ensure his or her directorship as independent director.

The CGEN ensures the regular updating of the list of persons that are likely to be selected, and, once a year, reports to the Board the work performed in order to identify the persons that are likely to be appointed directors so that the Board can deliberate on it.

As appropriate, the CGEN shall identify those individuals likely to be selected for the non-executive directorship of Chairman in consideration of the criteria set out above.

Selection by the Board of directors of the persons likely to become members of the Board

When the Board has to decide the appointment of a new member, the CGEN decides upon the submission of the candidacy to the Board in order, if the Board decides so, to propose such candidacy to the General Meeting. First, it shall communicate to the Chairman of the Board the name of the person who is likely to be appointed setting out the reasons for its proposal. The Chairman of the Board of directors contacts the relevant person and, in the case of an agreement with this person, asked the SCA to review the situation of the person in accordance with the above provisions. The candidate chosen is received by the Chairman of the CGEN and the Chairman of the Board.

A selection for the non-executive directorship of Chairman of the Board of directors is submitted to the Chairman of CGEN so that this latter may contact the relevant candidate.

If the review and interview regarding the duties of both director and Chairman of the Board of directors are deemed to be satisfactory, the CGEN can then propose to the Board of directors to adopt the proposal for the submission of the candidacy.

The SCA can ask the candidates for any document required for its review, which it will retain pursuant to legal and regulatory provisions on personal data.

For specialised committees, the CGEN makes recommendations to the Board of directors on the appointment of the members in cooperation with the Chairman of the relevant Committee, and of the Chairmen of the Committees when they are to be renewed.

Succession plan for directors and review of the composition of the Board

The CGEN is responsible for examining the provisions allowing for the succession of the directors as well as, where applicable, the Chairman.

Once a year, the SCA, under the responsibility of the CGEN, reviews the composition of the Board of directors in accordance with the provisions relating to the identification of persons likely to become members of the Board of directors. The CGEN presents to the Board of directors the outcome of such review, which is subject to Board's deliberation.

b. Identification of, selection of, and succession plan for the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Operating Officer(s)

The Board of directors appoints the Chief Executive Officer and, on the recommendation of the latter, the Chief Operating Officer(s), and sets any limits to their powers.

For this purpose, acting jointly with the Chairman, the CGEN puts forward recommendations for the selection of the Chief Executive Officer for consideration by the Board, and, acting on recommendation of the Chief Executive Officer, it puts forward recommendations for the selection of the Chief Operating Officer(s).

To identify the candidate, the CGEN conducts a careful examination of his or her candidacy in consideration of the provisions of this policy as well as the following criteria:

- knowledge and skill in requested areas, based on experience and ability to understand the issues and risks of key activities for the Bank, including social and environmental issues, enabling them to make informed and effective decisions;
- courage, in particular to express opinions and make judgements, enabling directors to remain objective and independent;
- availability, i.e. the sufficient time which the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Operating Officer(s) must dedicate to their duties and to the relevant training;
- loyalty, which fosters the commitment of the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Operating Officer(s) to the Company and its shareholders;
- good reputation and propriety: a person shall not be considered of good reputation or meeting the propriety criterion if his or her personal or business conduct gives rise to any material doubt about his or her suitability as Chief Executive Officer or Chief Operating Officer, as the case may be.

The SCA can ask the candidate or the Company, as the case may be, for any document required for its review, which it shall retain pursuant to the legal and regulatory provisions on personal data.

It is also responsible for examining the provisions allowing the succession of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Operating Officer(s).

c. Identification and appointment of the Key function holders

The CGEN ensures that in the identification and appointment of the Key function holders by Executive Management, with the support of the Company's Human Resources, as the case may be, the following are considered:

- skills, qualification, and experience;
- and good reputation, honesty, and integrity.

III. Independence of mind and management of conflicts of interest of the members of the management body

In consideration of the so-called “related-party agreements” (*conventions réglementées*) regime in Articles L. 225-38 et seq. of the French Commercial Code, provisions regarding independence of mind and conflicts of interest set out in Section 9 of the Fit and Proper Guidelines and Principle 3 of the Guidelines on Corporate governance principles for banks, published in July 2015 by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision, and with the objective to embrace the best practices observed in the governance area, the aim of this section is to (i) recall the general principles applied to ensure the independence of mind of every Member of the management body, (ii) define the situations of conflicts of interest to which directors may face in light of the various activities that the Group conducts and which could be in competition with the interests of the concerned director, shall it be directly or indirectly, and (iii) provide details, in case such conflict of interest occurs, concerning the necessary measures to be adopted in order to take the situation into account and handle it in an appropriate manner.

a. General principles

Every Member of the management body shall at all times maintain his or her independence of mind, analysis, assessment, decision, and action so as to be able to issue opinions and make decisions in an informed, judicious and objective manner. For this purpose, the Member of the management body shall respect both the legal and regulatory provisions applicable to conflicts of interest - specifically the so-called “related-party” agreements - and the provisions below on the measures to be adopted in recognizing conflicts of interest and managing them appropriately.

More specifically, the Member of the management body shall refuse any benefit or service liable to compromise their independence, and undertake to avoid any conflict of interest (as described below).

Each member of the Board of directors shall freely express his or her positions, eventually minority positions, about the subjects discussed in the meetings of the Board or specialised committee.

It is recalled that any conflict of interest may question the fact that a director qualifies as an independent director according to the provisions of the Afep-Medef Code.

b. Cases of conflicts of interests

Besides the so-called “*conventions réglementées*” regime provided for by articles L. 225-38 and *subseq.* of the French Commercial Code, the following situations may give rise to conflicts of interest:

- a) each agreement entered into directly, or through an intermediary person¹, between a company that BNP Paribas controls within the meaning of Article L. 233-16 of the French Commercial Code and one of the members of the Company's management body;
- b) each agreement to which one of the Members of the Company's management body is indirectly interested, meaning that without being directly party to the said agreement entered into by one of the companies controlled by the Company within the meaning of Article L. 233-16 of the French Commercial Code, the member of the management body benefits in a way or another from the agreement;
- c) each agreement entered into between one of the companies controlled by the Company, within the meaning of Article L. 233-16 of the French Commercial Code, and a company owned by a member of the Company's management body or to which such director is also an owner, general partner, manager, director, member of the supervisory board or, generally, in a senior manager of this company;
- d) each situation where Members of the management body are or might be, in relation with the exercise of his or her non-executive directorship, the recipient of privileged information (i) concerning a company in which he or she is an executive director within the meaning of c) or in which he or she exercises a function or holds interests whatever, or (ii) concerning the Company or one of the companies under its control within the meaning of Article L. 233-16 of the French Commercial Code which may be interests concerning the activity of a company in which he or she is an executive director within the meaning of c) or in which he or she exercises a function or holds interests whatever they may be;
- e) each situation where the Member of the management body could take part to a Board meeting to which would be interested any person with whom he or she has family or professional links, or tight relations;
- f) the undertaking of a new directorship whether in a listed or unlisted entity, French or foreign, not belonging to a group of which he is a manager, or any participation in the specialised Committee of a corporate body or any other new directorship²;
- g) each currently valid commitment made under directorship previously held in France or abroad (e.g. a non-competition clause);

¹ The interposition of an intermediary corresponds to a situation in which the member of the management body is the ultimate real beneficiary of the agreement between one of the companies that BNP Paribas controls and the co-contracting party of that controlled company.

² This includes those of a political nature.

- h) more generally, each situation that may constitute a conflict of interest between the member of the management body and the Company or one of its subsidiaries within the meaning of Article L.233-16 of the French Commercial Code.

c. Management of conflicts of interests

Situations covered by the “related-party agreements” regime

The Members of the management body acknowledge having read and understood the related-party agreement regime and the obligations resulting from such regime.

Other situations

If one of the situations described in a) through e) or g) or h) above should occur, the member of the management body shall immediately inform the Chairman of the Board of directors, who shall in turn inform the CGEN so that this latter, based on the analysis of the presented situation, may give an opinion which may consist of one or more measures described in the following paragraph. This opinion is then submitted to the Board of directors and if, followed by the said Board, is notified by the Chairman of the Board, to the concerned director. The decision of the Board of directors will be included in the minutes of the meeting.

More specifically, if one of the situations described in a) through e) or g) or h) above should occur during a Board of directors meeting or one of its Committees, and without prejudice to the application of the preceding paragraph, the Board of directors or the Committee, as the case may be, shall immediately determine the measures to be taken, which may take different forms including the fact the concerned director or Committee would not participate to the debate or the votes, would not receive the information on the issue that gives or may give rise to a conflict of interest, or even would have to leave the meeting of the Board or the Committee during the discussion of the concerned issue. The minutes of the Board or the Committee includes the measures adopted.

If the situation covered in f) above should occur, he or she shall inform the Chairman of the Board of directors of his or her intention to accept (i) a new directorship, whether in a listed or unlisted, French or foreign entity that does not belong to a group of which he or she is an executive director, or (ii) each participation in the specialised Committees of a corporate body, or (iii) any other new directorship, such that the Board of directors, on the recommendation of the CGEN, may decide on the compatibility of such an appointment with the non-executive directorship of a Members of the management body in the Company. If necessary, the provisions on limitation on directorships and on the availability of Members of the management body set forth below shall be applied *mutatis mutandis*.

In any case, if the Board considers that the relevant Member of the management body is no longer able to perform his or her duties therein because of a conflict of interest, he or she shall resign.

More generally, in the event of a breach of obligations with respect to conflicts of interest by a Members of the management body, the Chairman of the Board of directors shall take all legal measures required to remedy it. He or she may, furthermore, keep the relevant regulators informed of such acts.

IV. Compliance with rules on limitation on directorships and on availability of the Members of the management body

The Member of the management body complies with legal and regulatory provisions, specifically those set out in Articles L.511-52 and R.511-17 of the CoMoFi (the “**CoMoFi Provisions**”) and in the Fit and Proper Guidelines, which are applicable to him or her or applicable to the Company in matters of limitation on directorships and of availability as well as those in the Afep-Medef Corporate Governance Code.

a. Compliance with rules when appointing a member of the management body

Once a candidate is chosen by the CGEN and prior to submitting it to the Board of directors, the SCA, under the responsibility of the Chairman of the Board of directors:

- a) contacts the candidate in order to request the list of directorships as well as any other functions he or she may hold, and how much time is spent on them each year;
- b) ensures that the candidate is in compliance with the Provisions of the CoMoFi regarding the limitation on directorships;
- c) ensures that the candidate has the time required for the duties and training he or she would perform for the directorship in question;
- d) and checks that these directorships and other functions are suitable with the position of a Member of the management body, in accordance with the above provisions on independence of mind and management of conflicts of interest.

The candidate shall certify that the list of directorships and functions is complete and provide on request of the SCA any document (company bylaws, extracts from trade registers and equivalent etc.), certificate, statement, etc. that the SCA deems useful to have.

The SCA then analyses the directorships declared by the candidate so as to ensure that the Provisions of the CoMoFi are complied with. It records the written documents on which the analysis and the conclusions were based, in accordance with personal data laws and regulations. As part of this review, the SCA may carry out any searches it deems useful.

At the outcome of the SCA's review,

- a) either the candidate is in compliance with the Provisions of the CoMoFi and has the time required to serve as a director: the SCA shall report to the Chairman of the Board of directors, who shall inform the Chairman of the CGEN. The CGEN shall then propose the candidate to the Board of directors which shall take a decision on his appointment or his co-option, as the case may be;
- b) or the candidate is not in compliance with the Provisions of the CoMoFi or does not have the time required to serve as a director: the SCA shall inform the Chairman of the Board, who shall in turn notify the Chairman of the CGEN, so that the measures for remedying this situation can be reviewed with the candidate. If the candidate is willing to take the necessary arrangements prior to his/her nomination or his/her co-option, the SCA states this in minutes which will in turn be submitted to the Board of directors which will decide, his/her nomination or his/her co-option, as the case may be.

If the candidate is not willing or cannot implement the necessary steps, the SCA established minutes to the attention of the CGEN, which acts the end of the selection process.

b. Compliance with rules while holding directorship as a Member of the management body

At all times, the Members of the management body shall comply with the rules on limitation on directorships and dedicate the time and effort required to carrying out their duties and responsibilities. They accept the discipline involved in working together in the respect of each other's opinions and they exercise their sense of responsibilities towards shareholders and the other stakeholders of the Group.

In addition, directors shall actively and regularly participate in meetings of the Board of directors and of the committees, and shall attend the Annual General Shareholders' Meeting. Furthermore, the directors elected by the employees, benefit from preparation time determined by the Board.

To this end, every member of the management body shall inform the Chairman of the Board of directors of his or her intention to accept (i) a new directorship, whether in a listed or unlisted, French or foreign entity, not belonging to a group of which he or she is an executive officer, or (ii) any participation in the specialised committees of a corporate body, or (iii) any new directorship, in France or abroad, such that the Board of directors, on the recommendation of the Corporate Governance, Ethics, Nominations and CSR Committee may decide on the compatibility of such an appointment with the non-executive directorship of director in the Company.

In this case, the SCA shall follow the analysis and verification procedure provided for the appointment of a Member of the management body.

At the end of the analysis referred to above, one of two situations may arise:

- a) either the Member of the management body accepting this new directorship complies with the Provisions of the CoMoFi, in which case the SCA informs the Chairman of the Board of directors, which in turn informs the CGEN. The CGEN then ensures that this new directorship complies specifically with the conflicts of interest rules on set out above;
- b) or the Member of the management body, by accepting this new directorship, is no longer in compliance with the Provisions of the CoMoFi, in which case the SCA shall inform the Chairman of the Board of directors, which shall report it to the Chairman of the CGEN, so that the measures for complying with the CoMoFi Provisions can be reviewed with the Member of the management body.

Whatever the case, if he or she no longer has the time to perform his or her duties, the SCA shall so inform the Chairman of the Board of directors, which shall report it to the Chairman of the CGEN so that the measures for remedying the situation can be reviewed with the Member of the management body.

If the Member of the management body is willing to maintain his or her directorship in the Company, he or she shall either not accept the proposed directorship, or resign from a directorship he or she already holds. The SCA shall include this in minutes that shall then be submitted to the Board of directors.

If the Member of the management body decides to accept this new directorship without resigning from any directorship he or she already holds, the Member of the management body shall then tender his or her letter of resignation as Member of the management body. The SCA shall mention this in a report to be addressed to the CGEN which acts this resignation, with the effective date to be decided on by the Board of directors.

Any Member of the management body who considers him- or herself unable to continue on the Board of directors, or on the Committees of which he or she is a member shall resign.

At least once a year, the SCA asks the Members of the management body to update the form known as the “EBA Form”, under which are listed all the directorships held by each member of the management body, and to which is appended their availability table.

This update shall permit the SCA to ensure that all Members of the management body are in compliance with the Provisions of the CoMoFi and on availability on an ongoing basis.

V. Good repute, honesty, and integrity of the Members of the management body

At all times, the members of the management body shall meet the requirements of good repute and show honesty and integrity.

Candidates and members of the management body undertake to immediately notify the Chairman of the Board of directors and the SCA of:

- a) any conviction (including on appeal, in criminal, civil, or administrative proceedings);
- b) any disciplinary measure;
- c) any prior refusal of validation by competent banking or financial authorities in France or abroad;
- d) any refusal, withdrawal, revocation, or prohibition on management of any registration, authorisation, membership, or licence to conduct a business or profession;
- e) any sanction by public authorities or professional organisations, or investigations or enforcement proceedings ongoing in France or abroad;
- f) any dismissal for professional misconduct or any dismissal from a directorship of which he or she may be the subject;
- g) any situation mentioned in a) through f) above concerning a company of which he or she is an executive officer, shareholder, or partner that is or might be the subject.

The SCA shall retain the written evidence and documents on which the analysis and the conclusions of the CGEN were based, in accordance with personal data laws and regulations. As part of this review, and at the request of the Chairman of the Board of directors, or, as applicable, the Chairman of the CGEN, the SCA may carry out any searches it deems useful, including questioning the relevant person.

If the Chairman of the Board of directors, or, as applicable, the Chairman of the CGEN, is notified of the occurrence of one of the aforementioned cases, he or she shall inform the CGEN so that this latter, based on the analysis of the reported situation, can issue an opinion as to the good repute of the Member of the management body and decide whether to ask him or her to resign. This opinion is then submitted to the Board of directors and if, followed by the said Board, is notified by the Chairman of the Board, to the concerned director. The decision of the Board of directors will be included in the minutes of the meeting.

In addition, every Member of the management board undertakes to act with loyalty and integrity toward the Members of the management board, the shareholders, and the Company alike. Failing this, the Chairman of the Board of directors, or, as applicable, the Chairman of the CGEN, may refer the matter to the CGEN so that this latter can issue an opinion as to the loyalty and integrity of the Member of the management body and may decide to ask him or her to resign.

VI. Diversity of the Members of the management body and collective competence of the Board of directors

The CGEN shall set the objectives to achieve with respect to gender balance on the Board of directors, age diversity, professional qualifications and experience, and nationality among the Members of the management body, so as to ensure that at all times they have the skills necessary to understand the risks, issues, including social and environmental issues, and potential developments in the Company.

For this purpose, the CGEN periodically assesses and at least once a year, the structure, the size, the composition and the effectiveness of the Board of directors with respect to the missions which are entrusted to it, and makes any useful recommendations to the Board.

VII. Induction and training of the Members of the management body

The Members of the Company's management body shall possess, both individually and collectively, the expertise, experience, skills, understanding, and personal qualities necessary, specifically in terms of professionalism and integrity, to properly perform their duties in connection with each of the significant activities of the Company, guaranteeing effective governance and supervision.

The Members of the management body shall maintain their knowledge in the following fields: finance and banking, risk management, regulations applicable to the Company, and, more broadly, any field related to the development and strategy of the Company.

The Company shall dedicate the human and financial resources required for the training of the Members of the management body. With this aim, annual training courses are administered by the managers of the topics presented, and strategy seminars are held.

In addition to the training courses mentioned above, any director may request additional training. For this purpose, he or she shall initiate a dialogue with the Chairman and the SCA, who shall determine the arrangements for the requested training.

The directors elected by the employees benefit from time devoted to training determined by the Board. At the end of the training, the training centre chosen by the Board must issue a certificate of regular attendance, which the director elected by the employees must remit to the Secretary of the Board.

The Board of directors shall ensure that new directors meet with the key function holders.

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